

FTLF8526W4BTL

6.1 Gb/s Short-Wavelength SFP+ Transceiver

FTLF8526W4BTL SFP+ transceivers are designed for use in wireless application of links up to 6.1 Gb/s data rates over multi-mode fiber. The optical transceiver is compliant per the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU. See Finisar Application Note AN-2038 for more details.



FEATURES

- Up to 8G Gb/s bi-directional data links
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- 850nm Oxide VCSEL laser transmitter
- Duplex LC connector
- RoHS compliant and Lead Free
- 300m on high-bandwidth 50/125um (OM3) MMF
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Single 3.3V power supply
- < 0.5W power dissipation
- Extended operating temperature range: -40°C to 85°C

APPLICATIONS

- Wireless – CPRI, OBSAI, LTE

Product Selection

FTLF8526W4BTL

I. Pin Descriptions

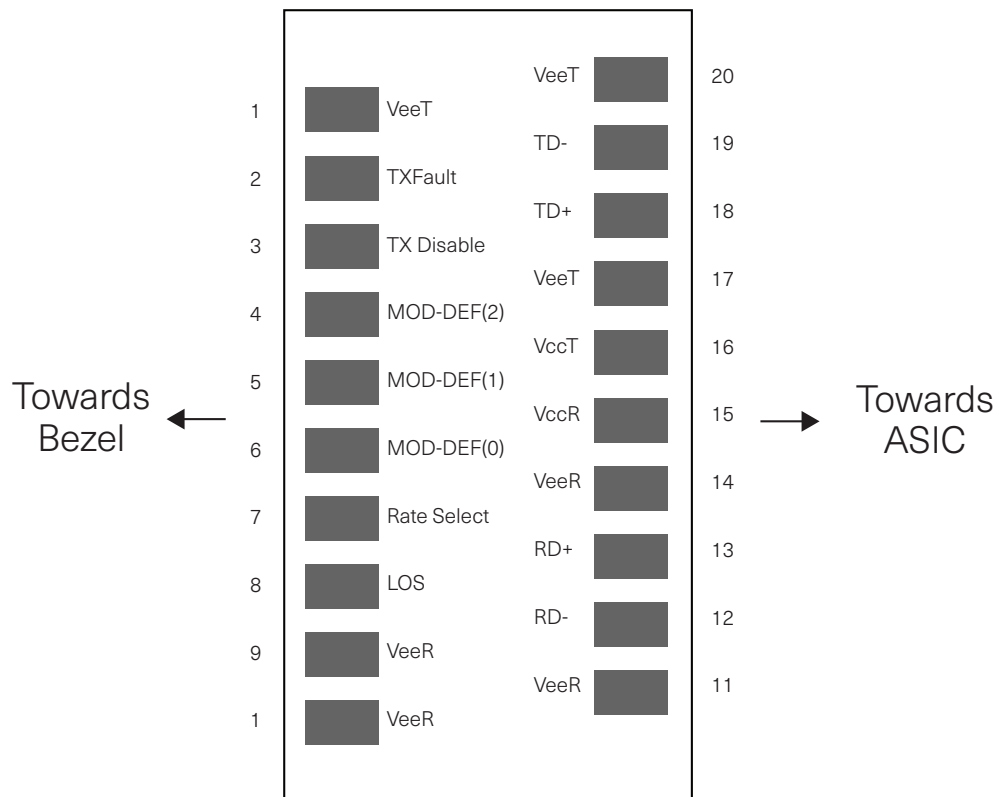


Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Names

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line (MOD-DEF2)	4
5	SCA	2-wire Serial Interface Clock (MOD-DEF1)	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent, connected to V _{EET} or V _{EER}	4
7	RS0	NC	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	RS1	NC	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

- Notes
1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
 2. T_{FAULT} is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k – 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to V_{cc} + 0.3V. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
 3. Laser output disabled on T_{DIS} >2.0V or open, enabled on T_{DIS} <0.8V.
 4. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
 5. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
 6. 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the limits below may damage the transceiver module permanently.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5		4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	T _s	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	T _A	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0		85	%	1

Notes:

1. Non Condensing

III. Electrical Characteristics (T_A, V_{cc} = 3.15 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.15		3.45	V	
Supply Current	I _{cc}			180	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	R _{in}		100		Ω	1
Differential data input swing	V _{in,pp}	90		800	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V _D	2		V _{cc}	V	2
Transmit Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	V _{ee}		V _{ee} +0.8	V	
Receiver						
Differential data output swing	V _{out,pp}	185		425	mV	3
Data output rise time, fall time	t _r /t _f			80	ps	4
LOS Fault	V _{LOS fault}	2		V _{cc,HOST}	V	5
LOS Normal	V _{LOS norm}	V _{ee}		V _{ee} +0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6
Deterministic Jitter @ 6.1 Gb/s	RX DJ			70	ps	
Total Jitter @ 6.1 Gb/s	RX TJ			116	ps	

Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupling from pins into laser driver IC.
2. Or open circuit.
3. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
4. Unfiltered, 20 – 80 %
5. LOS is an open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10kohms on the host board. Normal operation is logic 0; loss of signal is logic 1. Maximum pull-up voltage is 5.5V.
6. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

IV. Optical Characteristics (T_A , $V_{CC} = 3.15$ to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr: 50 or 62.5 MMF	P_{OMA}	-8.2			dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	840		860	nm	
Spectral Width	σ			0.65	nm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA	302			μ W	
Optical Rise/Fall Time	t_r / t_f			90	ps	2
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Receiver						
Receiver OMA Sensitivity	R_{XSENS}			76	μ W	
Average Receiver Power	R_{XMAX}	0			dBm	
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	770		860	nm	
Optical Return Loss		12			dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			-18	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS_A	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH, and EN (IEC) 60825 laser safety standards.
2. Unfiltered, 20-80%. Complies with FC 1x and 2x eye mask when filtered.

V. General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Bit Rate	BR		6.1		Gb/s	
Bit Error Rate	BER			10^{-12}		1
Fiber Length on 50/125 μ m high- bandwidth (OM3) MMF	L			300	m	

Notes:

1. PRBS 2⁷-1.

VI. Environmental Specifications

Finisar 850nm SFP transceivers have a commercial operating temperature range from -40°C to +85°C case temperature.

Environmental Specifications	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Ref.
Case Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40		85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-40		85	°C	

VII. Regulatory Compliance

Finisar transceivers are Class Finisar laser transceiver complies with Laser Class 1 per latest edition of EN60825-1 and IEC 60825-1 for fiber optic systems.

VIII. Digital Diagnostic Functions

Finisar FTLF8526W4BTL SFP+ transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA^e. It is very closely related to the E²PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Finisar SFP transceivers provide an enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E²PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement. The complete interface is described in Finisar Application Note AN-2030: "Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for SFP Optical Transceivers".

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E²PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

For more information, please see the SFP MSA documentation^{b,e} and Finisar Application Note AN-2030.

Please note that evaluation board FDB-1027 is available with Finisar ModDEMO software that allows simple to use communication over the 2-wire serial interface.

IX. Digital Diagnostic Specifications

FTLF8526W4BTL transceivers can be used in host systems that require either internally or externally calibrated digital diagnostics.

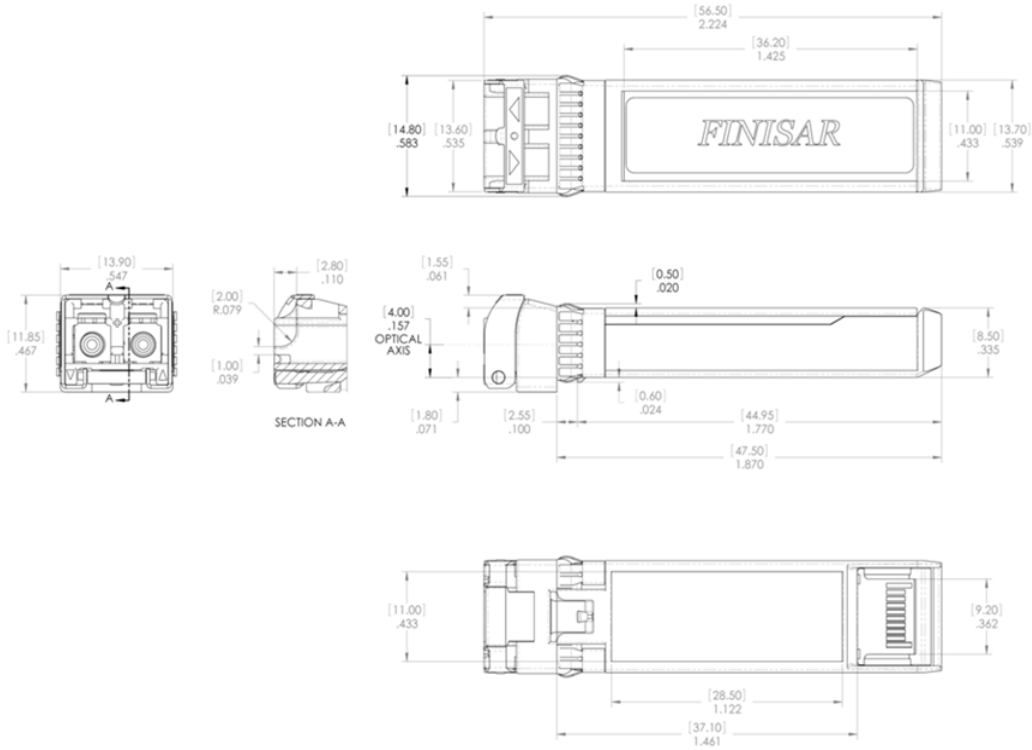
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Accuracy	Units	Ref.
Transceiver temperature	DD_{DDTemp}	-40	85	$\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Transceiver supply voltage	$DD_{DDVoltage}$	3.14	3.46	$\pm 3\%$	V	
Transmitter bias current	DD_{DDBias}	0	20	$\pm 10\%$	mA	
Transmitter output power	$DD_{DDTx-Power}$	-9	-2.5	$\pm 3\text{dB}$	dBm	
Receiver average optical input power	$DD_{DDRx-Power}$	-20	0	$\pm 3\text{dB}$	dBm	

Notes:

1. Accuracy of Measured Tx Bias Current is 10% of the actual Bias Current from the laser driver to the Measured Tx Bias Current is 10% of the actual Bias Current from the laser driver to the laser.

XI. Mechanical Specifications

Finisar's FTLF8526W4BTL SFP+ transceivers are compatible with the SFF-8432a specification for improved pluggable form factor.



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XII. PCB Layout and Bezel Recommendations

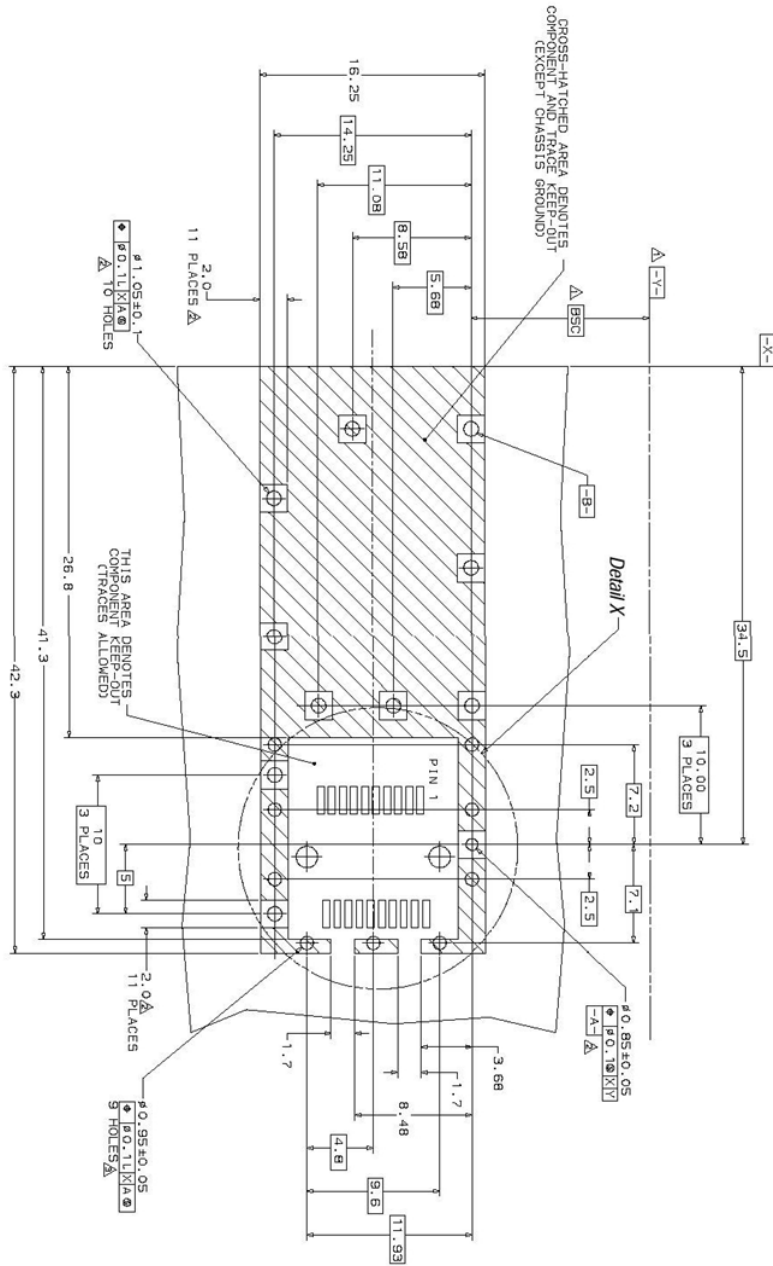
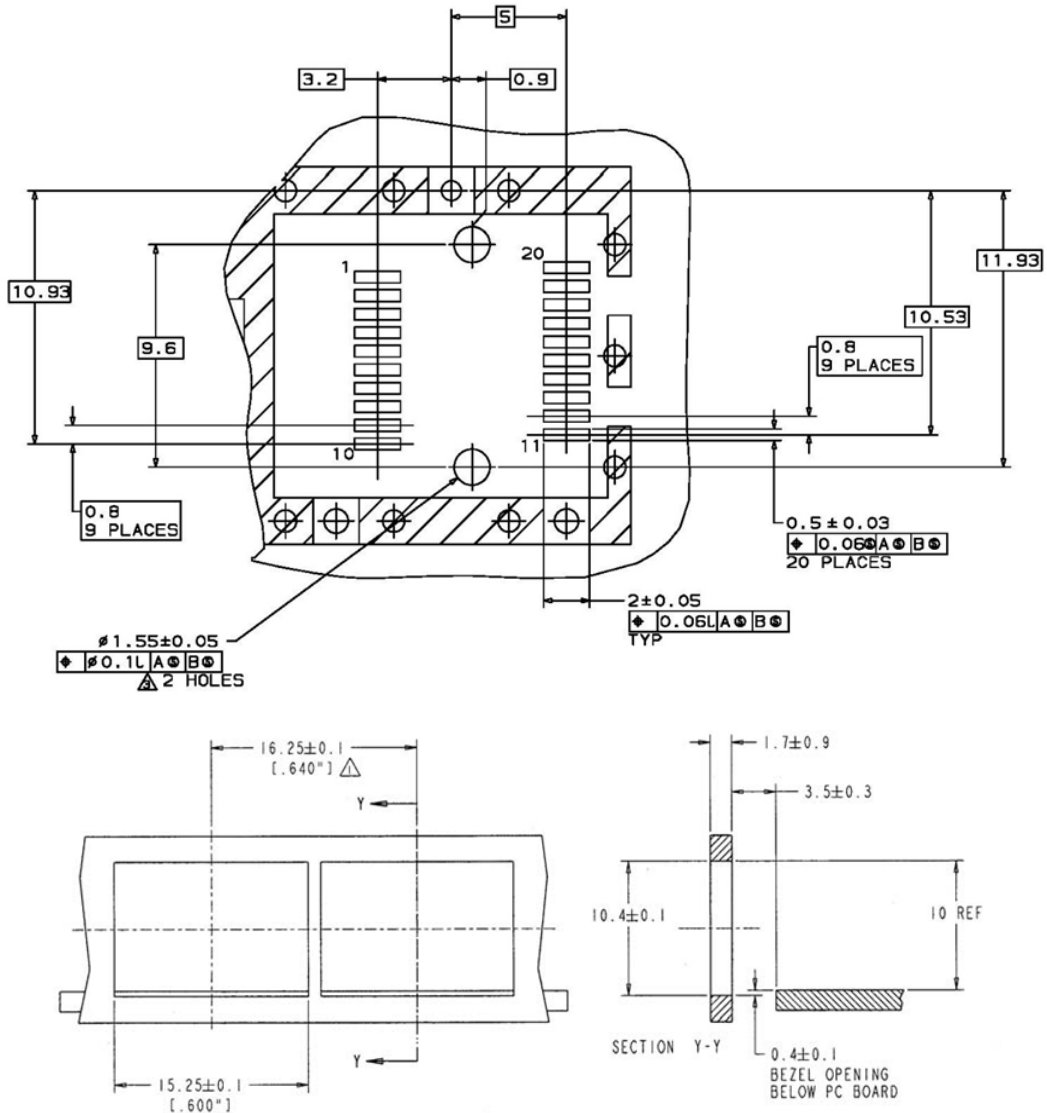


Figure 3.

- ∇ Datum and Basic Dimension Established by Customer
- ∇ Rads and Vias are Chassis Ground, 11 Places
- ∇ Through Holes are Unplated



- NOTES:
- 1. Δ MINIMUM PITCH ILLUSTRATED, ENGLISH DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 - 2. NOT RECOMMENDED FOR PCI EXPANSION CARD APPLICATIONS

Figure 4.

XII. References

1. "Improved Pluggable Form Factor", SFF Document Number SFF-8432, Revision 5.0, July 16, 2007.
2. "Digital Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers", SFF Document Number SFF-8472, Revision 11.0.
3. "SFF-8431 Specifications for Enhanced Small Form Factor Pluggable Modules, SFP+", SFF Document Number SFF-8431, Revision 4.1, July 6, 2009.
4. Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Council Parliament and of the Council, "on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment". Certain products may use one or more exemptions as allowed by the Directive.
5. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-source Agreement (MSA), September 14, 2000.